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Stages of Tourism Development in New Uzbekistan

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Abstract: In this article, in the process of tourism development in New Uzbekistan, the study of the conceptual factors of tourism development, revealing the laws of its development, as an example, the architectural building of the new ancient city in Samarkand was a great innovation for the development of tourism in our country given.

Keywords: Economy, Modern tourism, internal and external tourism, development, cultural-educational, architectural.

Introduction: Today, the rapid growth of globalization and information processes has an impact on the development of national tourism. Therefore, it is important to search for the conceptual factors of national tourism development, to study the laws of its development, and to determine the future prospects of tourism development. Currently, a lot of attention is being paid to the development of modern tourism infrastructure in Uzbekistan. As President Sh.M. Mirziyoev noted: "Turning tourism into a strategic branch of the economy remains a priority for us." Therefore, the rapid development of tourism in Uzbekistan is one of the important strategic tasks of both economic and social importance. In this regard, in order to rapidly develop the tourism sector in Uzbekistan, No. PF-5781 of August 13, 2019 "On measures to further develop the tourism sector in the Republic of Uzbekistan", No. PF-6165 of February 9, 2021 "On "On measures for further development of domestic and pilgrimage tourism in the Republic of Uzbekistan" was adopted. First of all, an important factor in the development of the tourism sector is the wide attraction of investments in this sector. Today, in Uzbekistan, a lot of attention is paid to the formation of the necessary infrastructure for the development of domestic and foreign tourism, and more than 20 tourist destinations in our Republic attract foreign tourists. 1 million 300 thousand tourists came to Uzbekistan in 2016, almost 2 million 700 thousand in 2017, 5 million 346 thousand 200 people in 2018, 6 million 748 thousand 500 people in 2019, and in 2020 their number will increase to 7.5 million, in 2023 It is intended to reach 10 million people. In this regard, in the development of the national tourism infrastructure in Uzbekistan, great importance is attached to the delivery of all infrastructure objects to the level of world standards, the high level organization of tourism infrastructure components, hotel, transport, food, recreation, treatment and other entertainment services. 'attention is being paid. Currently, the role and contribution of transport infrastructure in the effective use of tourism resources in our country is high. llari" state joint-stock railway company has been exerting a great influence. Also, the development of hotel services is important in the development of national tourism in Uzbekistan. It is known that several requirements are taken into account when organizing hotel business, that is, training, education, qualification, age, health, knowledge of foreign languages and appearance of employees. Today, some catering establishments in Uzbekistan operate using high-level service methods, but the service level of some of them does not meet the requirements. It is necessary to improve the culture of service to them. Banks and other financial organizations play an important role in the development of national tourism in Uzbekistan. Tourists use various types of financial services for travel and recreation. To the extent that the tourist service system is improved, it will have a direct impact on the further

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development of tourism in the future. In the development of national tourism in Uzbekistan, the information service is also important. Tourists coming to Uzbekistan for the purpose of travel learn about the destination, the laws, customs and ceremonies, holidays, hospitality of the area they are visiting. He is interested in the information about the place, the map of that place, the scheme of transport highways. Therefore, the tourism infrastructure is directly dependent on the modern computer service, and quick information and communication, awareness of the news is an important requirement of the tourism of the present time. Modern electronic tools, internet networks have millions of sites with information about various tourist services, tourist centers, and tourists have the opportunity to choose travel and tourist agencies, tour tickets, and pay for services in advance. they did. In the process of developing national tourism in Uzbekistan, cultural-educational tourism is important compared to other types of tourism. Because today in Uzbekistan, tourism aimed at studying historical monuments and history is widely developed, and measures are being taken to effectively use the rich tourist opportunities of Uzbekistan and increase the tourist potential. Located in the center of Central Asia, Uzbekistan has many historical and architectural monuments, such as Samarkand, Bukhara, Khiva, Shakhrisabz, which are included in the UNESCO World Heritage List. Cultural and educational tourism is one of the most popular types of tourism. The main goal of cultural-educational tourism is to get acquainted with historical, architectural, art monuments, natural and ethnic peculiarities, modern life of a nation, etc. It is one of the types of tourism that has aroused interest and is becoming popular. With its rich history and culture, Uzbekistan has high potential for the development of tourism, and about 4,000 material and spiritual monuments located in the territory of Uzbekistan are included in the UNESCO list as a unique example of world heritage. Most of the architectural monuments in Uzbekistan were renovated due to independence, and most of these monuments belong to the 12th-20th centuries. Along with this, among the architectural monuments in Uzbekistan, there are also those belonging to the IV-IX centuries. Even more ancient cultural monuments have been preserved in the territory of Uzbekistan, which further increases the interest of world tourists to Uzbekistan. There are many historical monuments belonging to the primitive and ancient times in Uzbekistan, and today many works are being carried out aimed at using these historical monuments as tourist objects.

Conclusion: In conclusion, the historical and architectural monuments in the territory of our country, which have a great influence on the development of national tourism in Uzbekistan, are not only monuments of material culture, but also science, culture, progress, and great thinkers. as cradles of science and enlightenment, it has been attracting foreign tourists. This creates great opportunities for the active development of pilgrimage tourism in Uzbekistan today. In particular, Samarkand is becoming a tourism center. Currently, there are many tourist centers such as Amir Temur Mausoleum, Ulugbek Observatory, Registan Square, Islam Karimov Mausoleum, Shahizinda, Imam-Al Bukhari Mausoleum. With the initiative of our country's president Shavkat Mirziyoyev, the new ancient city architectural mausoleum has become one of the main tourism centers.

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