



Phraseology as an Independent Field

Zaynab Qurbonova

Intern-teacher of the Department of Distance Education in Pre-School and Primary Areas of the External Department of JDPU

Fotima Borieva

4th grade student of the Uzbek language and literature department of the External Department of JDPU

Annotation: the article provides information about the history of the study of phraseology. In addition, the emergence of scientific-theoretical views on phraseology in world linguistics, the valuable opinions of Russian, French, and English linguists are analyzed. There are comments on the study of phraseology in Uzbek linguistics.

Keywords: phraseology, idiom, phraseological units, dictionary, lexical norm, phraseological norm, phraseological formation.

Phraseology has been studied as an independent field in Russian linguistics since the 40s of the last century. In the works of A.A. Potebnya, I.I. Sreznevsky, A.A. Shakhmatov and F.F. Fortunatov, valuable preliminary information on phraseology can be found. S. in French linguistics. The ideas of Bali (1865-1947) made a great contribution to the development of the department of phraseology.

Although the study of phraseological units and idioms in Uzbek linguistics began in the 20th century, this field became more developed after the years of independence. Several of our linguists have studied stable combinations, compiled dictionaries, and published several scientific treatises. And they made a great contribution to the development of the industry. For example, Sh.Rakhmatullaev's "Phraseological dictionary of the Uzbek language" (1992), M.Sadikova's "Short Russian-Uzbek stable phrase dictionary" (1994), Mahmud Sattor's "Uzbek's speech is interesting" (1994), B.Yoldoshev, K.Bozorboev's "Phraseological dictionary of the Uzbek language" (vocabulary, 1998), paremiological works such as Sh. Shomaqsudov, Sh. Shorahmedov "The cellar of meanings" (2001) are among them.

Abdimurod Mamatov in his monograph "Lexical and Phraseological Norm Problems in Contemporary Uzbek Literary Language" (1991) and in his doctoral dissertation researched the compatibility of phraseology with language and speech norms for the first time in Uzbek linguistics. As a result of research in linguistics, Yoldoshev B. "Functional and stylistic features of phraseological units in the modern Uzbek literary language" (1993), Sh. Almamatova "Component analysis of phrases of the Uzbek language" (2008), Vafoeva M.Y.

"Phraseological synonyms in the Uzbek language and their structural-semantic analysis" (2009), Yuldashev A.G. "Linguocognitive aspect of idiomatic compound words (in the example of Uzbek and English languages)" (2017), Boltaeva B.I. "Transformation of phraseological units of the Uzbek language" (2019), Z. Jumaeva's dissertation works, such as "Semantic and Linguistic Study of



Phraseological Units", gave scientific, theoretical and practical conclusions about phraseology, phraseological units, their essence, subject content and importance.

The linguist Q.M. Hakimov in his candidate's thesis written in 1993 mentions the following points: "F. F. Fortunatov, A.A. Shakhmatov, A.M. Pesikovskiy, A. A. Potebnya et al. have advanced a number of tentative, if tentative, ideas about fixed phrases. The range of stable word combinations is quite wide. Although phraseologisms are part of this language fact, it has its own linguistic and non-linguistic features, which require several research works. This is:

- 1) as a language unit, it expresses a concept, but also a subjective attitude;
- 2) it appears in the structure of the sentence and creates meaning and syntactic inaccuracies in its parts. If the first of these is considered an object of investigation even in psycholinguistics, then there is a need to study the second separately in both semantics and syntax. Its study is also important in lexicography. [4;3]

Abdugafur Mamatov was engaged in researching the issues of phraseological formation, one of the most urgent problems for Uzbek phraseology, and related to this topic "Issues of phraseological formation in the Uzbek language" (1994), "On the lexical re-formation of phraseology" (1995), "Scope of formation of phraseology" (1995), "On the Formation of Phrases in the Uzbek Language" (1996), "Issues of the Formation of Phraseologisms Based on Lexemes" (1996),

He published about twenty articles, such as "Phraseograms formed on the basis of the somatism of the hand and their expression in dictionaries" (1997), monographic studies entitled "The basis of the formation of phraseology" (1995), "Theoretical basis of the formation of phraseology" (1997), and by 2000, " He defended his doctoral thesis on the topic "Issues of the Formation of Uzbek Language Phraseologisms". This serves to further expand the scientific scope of Uzbek phraseology.

It is noted in the work that "phraseologisms are formed not only by the emergence of phraseological neologisms, but also based on the semantic, grammatical and functional renewal of existing phraseology in the language. Lexical, semantic, grammatical changes that occur in the formation of phraseology are not only a stylistic need, but also a need of the internal language system". [2;31]

Abdugafur Mamatov comments on a number of methods such as euphemistic formation, dysphemistic formation, transposition method of phrasal formation. But in our opinion, in these works, it seems that phrasal verbs and intermediate phenomena (for example, paraphrase or periphrasis) are not clearly distinguished.[2;28]

In Uzbek linguistics, views on the field of phraseology began to appear under the influence of Russian linguists. The ideas about phraseology in Uzbek linguistics were published for the first time in the researches of linguist Sh.Rakhmatullaev. Sh.U.Rakhmatullaev in his research promotes the views of the Russian linguist V.V.Vinogradov.

That is, Sh. Rahmatullaev researches phraseological units only lexically and syntactically. But it does not pay attention to its semantic structure, internal divisions. Nevertheless, Sh. Rakhmatullaev's services in the field of phraseology are incomparable. It is significant that the linguist for the first time researched the field of phraseology and studied its lexical aspects.

In Uzbek linguistics, A. Hojiev's book "Current Uzbek Literary Language" contains enough information about the phraseology department. In addition, the linguist criticizes the previous research and says:

"The semantic structure of phraseologisms, the development of meaning, the ways of formation, etc., require their own researchers".[1;21]



During the years of independence, two national scientific conferences on the problems of phraseology and phraseography were held in our country. In these scientific conferences, attention was paid to researching phraseology of Germanic, Slavic and Iranian languages as well as Uzbek phraseology. At the same time, "Actual problems of stylistics" (Samarkand, 1998), held in the following years,

"Current issues of linguistics and problems of speech culture" (Termiz, 2004), "Language and national culture" (Samarkand, 2004), "Professor Ulug Tursunov and Uzbek linguistics" (Samarkand, 2005), "Current problems of Uzbek linguistics" (Fergana, 2005), "Actual problems of Uzbek philology" (Namangan, 2006), "Speech linguistics" (Samarkand, 2006), "Actual problems of Uzbek stylistics" (Fargana, 2006), "Actual problems of the translation process and teaching foreign languages" (Samarkand, 2006), "Current issues of linguistics" (Tashkent, 2006),

At the international and republican scientific-theoretical conferences on the topic of "Independence and Linguistics Problems" (Samarkand, 2006), lectures on the issues of Uzbek phraseology were listened to and discussed to a certain extent.

If we take a look at the researched scientific-theoretical and practical works in our linguistics, then phraseologisms seem to remind us of a large field without limits. In Uzbek linguistics, we must highlight Sh. Rakhmatullaev's scientific research and important theoretical views as the basis of the above-mentioned scientific research. The scientist writes that the term phraseology can be used instead of the term phraseology in various sources.

In general, it is no exaggeration to say that world linguistics in the field of phraseology has served as an important linguistic school for us. Because it is precisely from the school of world linguistics that significant work has been done in the field of phraseology in Uzbek linguistics.

List of used literature

1. Literary theory. Two roofs. Volume II (Literary-historical process). T.: - "Fan" publishing house. 1979. 448 pages.
2. Khayriddin Sultanov. One evening's tale. Stories, historical sketches, short stories. T.: Literary and art publishing house named after Gafur Ghulam. 1983, 208 pages.
3. Sultan, Khairiddin. Navoi - 30. A book without a genre. - T.: "Mashhur-press" publishing house, 2022. - 496 pages.
4. Uncle Murad. The fields left by my father. "Sharq" NMKBT, Tashkent. 1994, 168 pages.
5. Askad Mukhtar. Maple. Roman. "Generation of the new century". T.: - 2018, 576 pages.
6. Махмудова Д. Э., Мусаев Ш. М. Воздействие промышленных загрязнителей на окружающую среду //Академическая публицистика. – 2020. – №. 12. – С. 76-83.
7. Мусаев Ш. М. и др. Насос агрегатларини ҳосил бўладиган гидравлик зарблардан химоялаш усуллари тадқиқ этиш //Science and Education. – 2021. – Т. 2. – №. 3. – С. 211-220.
8. Musaev Sh. M. On increasing the efficiency of cleaning wastewater from industrial enterprises with mechanical methods //Science and Education. - 2021. - Т. 2. – no. 5. - S. 343-354.
9. Мусаев Ш. и др. Свойства кристаллов кварца //Science and Education. – 2021. – Т. 2. – №. 10. – С. 201-215.



10. Makhmudov I. E. et al. The Current State Of Irrigation Networks And Their Use In The Water Sector Of The Republic Of Uzbekistan //Journal of Positive School Psychology. – 2022. – C. 2947-2950.
11. Takaboev K. U. Musaev Sh. M., Khozhimatova MM Pollution of the atmosphere with harmful substances and measures to reduce them //Ecology: yesterday, today, tomorrow.-2019.--S. – C. 450-455.
12. Makhmudova D. E. Musaev Sh. M. Impact of industrial pollutants on the environment //Academic journalism. – 2020. – №. 12. – C. 76-83.
13. Musayev S. M., Tolliboyev I. I. O. G. L. Groundwater use in Jizzakh region problem //Science and Education. – 2021. – T. 2. – №. 12. – C. 238-245.