



## Our mother tongue is our heart

**Sultansaidova Saodat**

Associate Professor of the World Literature Department of the Uzbekistan State University of World Languages, candidate of philological sciences. Excellency of Public Education of the Republic of Uzbekistan

**Abstract:** In connection with the granting of the status of the State language to the Uzbek language, this article discusses the current state of our mother tongue, the attitude of our nation, state and foreigners to it. Also, information was given about the value of the mother tongue, that world writers also write their works in their mother tongue, every writer and poet wrote poems about their mother tongue, and examples of them were shown.

**Keywords:** mother tongue, nation, national language, state, Uzbek, Uzbekistan, foreigners, artwork, symbolic symbols: coat of arms, flag, anthem, language, Uzbek spirituality, heritage, law, statutory documents.

### 1. Introduction

Each nation has a state, each state has a national language, these are signs that require the existence of each other. People:

Tie your tongue with your heart

It is not for nothing that they say that the heart is connected with the tongue.

This means that when you use your mother tongue, more precisely, if you are sincere in dealing with someone, hearts will connect, and when hearts connect, friends will increase. Literally, if there are many friends, there will be peace and things will be fruitful. Let's imagine that no country has a language and no nation has a state. If there is no expression of opinion, there will be no life, no development, no social life, instead of the State there will be nothingness. There are endless opinions about the national language.

We are Uzbeks, Uzbekistan is our country, our motherland. It is a symbol of our existence in this world. There are symbols of our country. They are: the coat of arms of Uzbekistan, the flag of Uzbekistan, the anthem of Uzbekistan and the language of Uzbekistan. They are fully protected. First of all, it is strengthened by our Constitution, then by our laws and by-laws.

Let's go a little retro. 1989... Giving Uzbek the status of State language is on the agenda. At this time, the entire Uzbek people rose to their feet. There was not a single person who did not express an opinion. At this time, scientists, scholars, virtuous people, students and teachers, farmers, shepherds, men, women, young and old started to promote the value of their mother tongue and



raise its status. Newspapers and magazines were filled with articles and interviews. Radio and television stations reported on the situation non-stop. Every day, the square was filled with protesters. In such a situation, everyone became. And finally, it was announced that the Uzbek language will be granted the status of the State Language of our country. On October 21, the Uzbek language was declared the state language. In the speech given by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev on the occasion of granting the status of the state language to the Uzbek language, he said: "may the Muslims hear the gods of our mothers, our thousand-year epics, our immortal statuses, listen to the magical songs of our bakhshi and hafiz." On October 21, 1989, not only our country, but also our compatriots in foreign countries celebrate this day. It should be noted that foreigners are also interested in Uzbekistan as a "linguist".

language. The other day, a Japanese girl gave an interview on TV in pure Uzbek language. She said that she likes everything about Uzbeks, that their names are beautiful, and that she chose the name Nargiza for herself. A Chinese student at the Faculty of International Journalism of the Uzbekistan State University of World Languages even converted to Islam and changed his name to Farhad. Yesterday, October 21, a marathon dedicated to the Uzbek language was held on the Spirituality and Enlightenment channel. Here is an example of Hazrat Navoi. During the time when Navoi lived, the language of poetry was Persian, and the language of science was Arabic. All poets expressed their works in Persian. Hazrat Navoi was the first to write his ghazals in Turkish. It is Turkish with Persian in the work "Muhokamatul Lughatayn". compared the language and explained the qualities of the Turkish language based on examples.<sup>1</sup>

Rivals accused Navoi of not being able to write ghazals in Persian. Navoi created "Devoni Foni" in Persian language. That is why Hazrat Navoi is noted as a scholar who made a great contribution to the development of the Uzbek language.

Abdulla Awlani in his work "Kifzu lisan" also emphasized that the mother tongue is the most important value and described with examples that we should preserve and enrich the mother tongue. If there was no language, would there be a society, a state? Would the whole world literature be created? Would the works of art that have been living for centuries be inherited from ancestors? Could the writer of every country and nation write his world-famous works? Famous works created in Uzbek literature: Hazrat Navoi's works were written by them in their native language. "War and Peace" by L. N. Tolstoy, "Anna Karenina, an English tragedian", Shakespeare's tragedies, Goethe's "Faust", Hugo's "The Chapel of the Virgin Mary", Dreiser's "American Tragedy", i.e. the works of the listed writers and others. It is done in one's mother tongue. Of course, we've sampled each writer's most famous works. However, they also created other works in their native languages. Since everyone has a native language, they can communicate in the place where they live. As long as everyone has a mother tongue, each

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<sup>1</sup> Books:

1. Alisher Navoi. I will discuss it.

Discussion and discussion. Library of Alisher Navoi [www.ziyouz.com](http://www.ziyouz.com).

2. Our language is our pride - Uzbekistan news.

Gazeta.uz

<https://www.gazeta.uz> › slice...

3. Language is the mirror of the nation. <https://xs.uz/uzkr/post/til-millat-kozgusi>



generation can leave the life, customs, material and spiritual wealth of its nation to the next generation (the list can be continued endlessly). . Today's young people pay great attention to learning English, French, German, Korean, Chinese, Arabic, Hindi and other languages.

This one, on the other hand, is very good. The future belongs to the youth.<sup>2</sup> On the other hand, it is necessary to strengthen the value of the Uzbek nation and language, as well as our country. on the third hand, they remind representatives of other nations of their duty to respect the value of our language and nation<sup>3</sup>. After all, our country is strong and powerful, and our people are talented and creative.<sup>4</sup> The verses of the song of the Hero of Uzbekistan Erkin Vahidov expressed the attitude of the world about the status of the Uzbek nation, our Motherland, and the Uzbek language:

Wherever I go, I have a ball on my head

I'm walking like a goose

The name has gone over the world

Uzbekistan, my Uzbek!

A sound is still heard

Sira will not be perfect.

The world will never say

My mother tongue will not die!

The following verses of the poet Anvar Obidjan give a very strong conclusion to the said thoughts:

Maintain your reputation

My child, it is in your hands.

You are the price of the world

Homeland, nation, is in your language !!!



## Reference

1. Alisher Navoi. I will discuss it.

Discussion and discussion. Library of Alisher Navoi [www.ziyouz.com](http://www.ziyouz.com).

2. Our language is our pride - Uzbekistan news.

Gazeta.uz

<https://www.gazeta.uz> › slice...

4. Родной язык-гордость и слава моя!

uzcaa.uz

<https://uzcaa.uz> › rodnoj-jazyk-gordost-i-slava-moja

Language is the mirror of the nation. <https://xs.uz/uzkr/post/til-millat-kozgusi>